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ABSTRACT

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Montana State University's (MSU) use of the Student-Outcomes Information Services (SOIS), developed jointly by the National Center for Higher Education Management Systems (NCHEMS) and the College Board for surveying the characteristics and opinions cf entering undergraduate students, is examined. The Entering-Student Questionnaire, one of five developed by SOIS, was chosen to evaluate the efforts in student recruitment, initial student impressions of #SU, opinion of cyrrent services and the usefulness of the SOIS questionnaire. A sample of approximately 10 percent of the entering undergraduate population for the 1979 autumn guarter was surveyed. Highlights noted: many students attending MSU chose the school as their first choice: campus services and staff received favorable review: and the SOIS data analysis provided useful information allowing for more extensive review by various offices mentioned in the report. The SOIS questionnaire proves to be a useful tool when used on a properly constructed sampler group. Appendix A provides a cover letter from initial mailing, entering-student questionnaire; additional questions sheet and comment section, and a letter for follow-up mailing. Appendix B offers written comments on such areas as student life difficulties, most helpful office and social/emotional difficulties. Tables offer statistical data in various areas: enrollment: factors influencing college choice; student goals: and degree plans. (LC)

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CHARACTERISTICS AND OPINIONS OF ENTERING UNDERGRADUATE STUDENTS AT MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY

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BY

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February, 1980

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Characteristics and Opinions of Entering Undergraduate Students at Montana State University

#### ABSTRACT

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This paper describes Montana State University's use of the Entering <u>Student Questionnaire</u> and data processing service provided by the National Center for Higher Education Management Systems (NCHEMS) and The College Board.

To save development time and expense, MSU decided to try both the printed questionnaire obtained from NCHEMS and the processing service provided by The College Board, even though we intended to use our own in-house capability after gaining initial experience. To minimize cost and respondent burden, we polled only a 10% sample of the entering undergraduate population.

We found both the questionnaire and the processing service to be costeffective when applied **to** a sample population and supplemented by locally developed questions (as permitted in the standard processing package).

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Results of the survey were of interest to MSU staff working in admissions, on-campus living, and student advising.

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Characteristics and Opinions of Entering Undergraduate Students at Montana<sup>®</sup> State University

#### INTRODUCTION-

There has been a growing perceived need, nationally and locally, for information about students in higher education. In particular, administrators at Montana State University (MSU) are concerned with recruitment, retention and evaluation of existing services. The success of a new method of collecting such information, Student-Outcomes Information Services (SOIS), developed jointly by the National Center for Education Management Systems (NCHEMS) and the College Board, was tested. In October, 1979, the President authorized the graduate intern to proceed with the study, costs to be shared with the Academic Vice President.

The Entering-Student Questionnaire, one of five developed by SOIS, was chosen to evaluate the efforts in student recruitment, initial student / impressions of MSU, opinions of current services and the usefulness of the SOIS questionnaire. Because one purpose of this project was to see how the NCHEMS SOIS package may help MSU, only a sample of approximately 10% of the entering undergraduate population for the 1979 Autumn Quarter was surveyed.

An ad hoc committee, with representation by the Admissions, Registrar, Institutional Research and Student Affairs and Services offices, developed the fifteen local questions in addition to those printed on the standard SOIS questionnaire. Additional input by the assistant deans and interested orientation student leaders was obtained. Space for open-ended responses and additional comments was also provided.

What follows is the complete report analyzing the results. Short reports will be issued to various offices as necessary. Complete copies of the data analysis may be obtained from the Academic Vice President, or the Director of Institutional Research.

#### SURVEY ADMINISTRATION PROCEDURES.

The survey was conducted on a stratified random sample of 188 new freshmen and 69 new transfer students who entered Montana State University during the 1979 Autumn Quarter. Stratification was performed on an enrollment percentage for each college. Following a satisfactory test sample, the questionnaires were mailed from the Office of the President during the fourth week of classes to the student's local address. A follow-up letter, also signed by the President, was mailed a week later to students who had not responded. A stamped self-addressed return envelope was included with the finitial mailing.

Of the 257 surveys mailed, 176 (68 percent) were returned. Within a week of the stated return date, 169 (66 percent) were received and sent to NCHEMS for processing. Of the 176 returned, 87 responses were received by the requested date and 89 returned after the follow-up letter was sent. The response rates for freshmen (125 out of 188, 66.4 percent) and transfer (44 out of 69, 63.8 percent) were similar. Two questionnaires were undeliverable. The size of the respondent group is sufficient to confidently extend the results to the larger group of all entering undergraduates at MSU.

#### RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

#### General Characteristics

Respondents were representative of the actual sex breakdown of the sample population. There were 93 (53.4 percent) female and 75 (44.6 percent) male respondents, as compared to 52 and 48 percent, respectively, in the total sample. The ethnicity closely corresponds to the university distribution where 2.8 percent of the students report a non-white status; in the survey, 97 percent reported white or caucasian. Nearly all, 97.6 percent, were enrolled on a full time basis, compared to 97.4 percent of all actual new freshmen.

The colfrege of enrollment for respondents also closely corresponds with the actual percentages in the university. Table 1 shows the number of questionnaires returned in relation to the enrollment by college.

Total Undergraduate Enrollment by College at Montana State University 1979 Autumn Quarter

<b>`</b>	Studen	t Responses	Total Undergraduate
College	Number	Percentage	Percentage
General Studies	16	9.5	9.1
Agriculture	17	10.1	10.5
Education	12	7.1	10.4
Engineering	33	19.5	21.7
Lefters & Science	35	20.7	17.1
Arts & Architecture	19	11.2	11.4
Business	- 23	13.6	15.1
Nursing	14.	8.3	6.4
~	•	•	•
Total	169		

Thus, the characteristics of 66 percent of the sampled population closely matched the university's total undergraduate population on ethnicity, full time enrollment and college of enrollment. The remainder of this section will provide additional information without comparison to MSU norms.

Not surprisingly, 90.7 percent of the sampled students are between the traditional ages of 18-22 years old. Six percent would be considered "older than average", greater than 23 years old, equally split between freshmen and transfers. However, 4.7 percent of the entering students were still under 18. The survey reported that 3.5 percent of the entering student population were married. This information is no longer collected for the total university. There was a higher number of married persons among transfers than freshmen, though, surprisingly, all are female and full time students.

Handicapped information showed that 10 percent of the sampled students reported some form of permanent handicap; 6 percent restricted vision, 3.5 percent restricted mobility and 0.6 percent not described. These figures, if representative, may seem high. The questionnaire failed to define the handicap or inquire as to the extent of one's vision or mobility restriction.

Of those reporting, 73.5 percent had chosen MSU as their college of first choice among college and universities to attend. Those who did not have MSU as their first choice indicated their preference as another public 4 year school (16.6 percent), private college (5.7 percent), and 2 year or Vocational/ Technical school (4.4 percent). Table 2 indicates the student's preference by college when MSU was their first choice. Agriculture (86.7 percent) led in this category with Education (57.1 percent) appearing last in the list of popular curriculum areas.

#### TABLE 2

College Enrollment By Students Whose First Choice College was MSU

College	Percentage
Agriculture	
	. 86.7
Business	82.4
Engineering	76.5
Arts & Architecture	. 73.3
Nursing	70.6
Letters & Science	70.0
Education .	57.1
General Studies	Not availab

Very few of the students were uncertain about their plans for the next year. A sizeable number (89.3 percent) indicated that they plan to reenroll at MSU next year. However, not even halfway into their first quarter, 7.3 percent of the entering class, mainly female freshmen, had hoped to complete the courses necessary to transfer.

About one third of the sampled students were employed while attending MSU, 42.9 percent were unemployed and did not care to work while attending college, while 23.5 percent would have liked to obtain work. More males and freshmen preferred not to work while attending college. Financial aid applications were submitted by 44.4 percent (52.3 percent for transfer and 41.9 percent for freshmen). An additional 21.9 percent planned to apply. Each married student and nearly all (83.3 percent) of the older students applied for financial aid, indicating more awareness of educational costs and financial independence.

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Of the transfers, 50 percent transferred from a public 4 year school, 25 percent came from a public 2 year school, 18 percent from a private school and 7 percent from a Vocational/Technical school.

In response to a question concerning class time preference, morning \* classes received a high (75.3 percent) preference by every age group, marital status, sex classification and employment category. Evening and weekend classes received no support.

#### Why Do Students Choose MSU?

There are more than 2700 accredited degree-granting colleges and universities in the United States, with twelve in the State of Montana. Traditionally, 86 percent of the entering MSU freshmen have attended Montana high schools. Of the students in the survey, 83.1 percent of the freshmen and 54.5 percent of the transfers were from Montana. What reasons did they give for coming?

The entering students were asked to respond to a variety of different aspects of MSU. Their responses commented a great deal on the image projected to potential students. Overall, course offerings (65.7 percent) and the academic reputation of MSU (55.6 percent) were cited by a majority of the students as factors that influenced their decision to attend MSU.

#### TABLE 3

Factors Influencing The Decision To Attend MSU

. •	. Percen	tage of Responden	its
Factor	• Freshmen	Transfer	<u>Total</u>
Course offering	64.0	70.5	65.7
Academic reputation	60.8	40.9	55.6`
Former stu <u>d</u> ent's advice	43.2	27.3	39.1/
Costs	40.0	27.3	37.2
Teacher or'friend's advice	. 26.4	13.6	23./1
Availability of financial aid	19.2	25,0	20/7
Counselor's advice	14.4	4.5	11√.8
Retain current'employment	5.6	-	4.1
Employer's suggestion	2.4	<b>-</b> '	1.8
Institution's social reputati	ion 0.8	-	Ö.6
		6	

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Next on the list of important factors for altending MSU (Table 3) were costs and academic reputation, judged more important by new freshmen than by transfers. Availability of financial aid (20.7 percent) was also an important factor. The high response to former student advice (39.1 percent) revealed this influence to be a major recruiting tool. It is the influence of alumni and current students which tended to have a great bearing on MSU's future. The institution's reputation is also significant, based on the 23.1 percent affect by a teacher's or friend's advice. However, the role of the high school counselor, cited by 11.8 percent, appears well down the list.

The survey also questioned how students found out about MSU. The source of information cited most frequently was a relative or friend. Over 7 out of 10 (72.2 percent) said that information from this source was important in their decision to enroll at MSU. Freshmen used the information from people at the high school (64.8 percent) in making their decision. The next chief source of information was the catalog. Approximately 4 out of 10 transfers (40.) percent) and 5 out of 10 freshmen (52 percent) considered the catalog highly in their decision. Admissions mailing also played a key role. Clearly, other forms of advertising and displays have not had a serious influence on recruitment. The source traditionally seen as having the most direct imput to potential students, college admissions officers, received only 14.4 percent from new freshmen students. Table 4 lists the results of the information `sources. It is interesting to note that while teacher and counselor advice appeared well down the list as important factors in Table 3, "people at the high school" ranked very high as an important source of information in Table 4.

TABLE 4

•	Perc	entage of Respor	Idents
Source	Freshmen	Transfer	Total
Relatives or friends	767.0	. 59.0	.72.2
People at high school	- 64.8	• 31.8	56.8
College catalog	52.0	40.9	49.7
Material received in mail	36.8	. 22.7	33.7
College representative	14.4	~ 2.3	11.2
College placement service	4.0	• 6.8	4.7
Newspaper or magazine	3.2*	. , 2.3	3.0
Education fair, info. display	3.2	~	2.4
Radio or TV advertisement	1.6	10	3.2

Sources of Information Important to Entering MSU Students

Students were also queried about their choice of MSU in the local questions. Table 5 presents the responses about the attractiveness of MSU as perceived by students both before and after enrolling.

## S TABLE 5

Reas	sons For	Being At	tracted	to N	<b>I</b> SU	, ,	
<u> </u>	2	Per	centage	of F	Respondent	ts	
J.	As Prosp	ective St (n=167)	udents	ŕ		olled Stud (n=168)	dents
Reasons -	reshmen	Transfer	Total		Freshmen	Transfer	Total'
Location	31.7	53.5	37.1		33.9	25.6	32.1
Academic Programs	25.6	37.4	34.1	1	34.7	39.5	35.7
Reputation	11.4	9.3	11.4		· 7.3	7.0	7.1 >-
Cost	7.3	2.3	6.0		3.2	2.3	3.0
Size	6.5	• · · 2.3	<b>~</b> 5.4		4.8`	7.0	5.4
Recreation opportunities	7.0	4.1	4.8	٤-	11.3,	, 14.0	11.9
On-campus activities	-	.0.*8	0.6		2,4	4.7	3.0
Housing	-	0.8	0.6		1.6	/ -	* 1.2
Athletic teams	-	-	$\sqrt{-}$	•	0.8	-	ð:6

Location and academic programs far outdistanced the other responses." One should note that unlike the previous tables in this section, the respondents in Table 5 had to choose the most attractive category. Both freshmen and transfers reported gains upon enrolling in the areas of academic programs, recreational opportunities and on-campus activities. Fréshmen appreciation also grew in MSU's location, housing and athletics. Transfer students found the size of the institution to be more suitable than they had anticipated.

The information on student choice should be valuable in planning future recruitment efforts. Consideration should be given to review and incorporate such data in admissions material. The areas of publicity show need for growth and development to market the image of MSU.

#### Student Goals

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Information was also collected from entering students concerning what they wanted to obtain from college - what were their goals? There should be no doubt that the MSU freshmen and transfers have established serious goals for their future. More than 9 out of 10 (91.1 percent) desired to increase . their knowledge and understanding in an academic field. The same percentage sought to improve their knowledge and competencies required for a career. This reemphasizes why MSU's enrol ment has grown. Students are here to obtain the necessary information and skills to help make them marketable. Table 6 shows the percentage of entering students who reported having particular goals in mind when they came to MSU.

TABLI	E 6
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Goals of Students - Entering MSU

•	•		
	Percen	tage of Responde	ents
Goals	Freshmen	Transfer	Total
lo increase my knowledge and understanding in an academic field	91.2	88.6	) 91.1
To increase my knowledge and/or competencies required for my job or career	- 02 0		
$\rangle$	92.0	86.4	91.1
To obtain a degree	88.0	79.5	85.8
To meet people	83.2 ·	· 70.5	· 80.5
To develop my ability to be independent, self-reliant and adaptable	, <b>76.</b> 8 ·	81.8	78.7
To learn skills that will enrich my daily life or make me a more complete person	68.8	77.3	71 C
,•	***	•	71.6 r
To formulate long term career goals	69.6	\$59.0	67.5
To increase my self-confidence	.60.8	. 59.1	60.4
To become involved in campus activities	. 58.4	. 34.1	52.1
To improve my ability to get along with others	48'.0	<b>-</b> 38.6	46.2
To discover my career interests	- 54.4	22.7	46.1
To increase my participation in cultural and social events		40.9	44.4
To improve my leadership skills	42.4	<b>40.9</b>	42.0
To prepare for a new career	36.8	34.1	36.7
To complete courses necessary to transfe	r 16.0	- (6.8	14.2 *

When asked to priortize their goals, slight differences were reported. Freshmen related their top goals as: academic knowledge, a college degree, independence, career competencies and long-term career goals and the enrichment of life. Transfer students, who have had more time to evaluate themselves, ranked their top goals as: a college degree, academic knowledge, enrichment of life and career competencies.

More than 7 out of 10 (74.5 percent) have established their current goal as the attainment of the bachelor's degree. Ultimately, 91.2 percent aspired to a bachelor's degree or higher. Conversely, about 9 percent only intended. to take coursework below a bachelor's degree. Table 7 shows the educational aspiration level of MSU's entering undergraduates.

		Percer	ntage of	Respondent	S	
Degree	Freshmen	CURRENT Transfer		<u>Freshmen</u>	LTIMATE Transfer	Total
Not seeking a degree	6.6	4.7	(6.1	3.6	· 7.3	4.5
Certificate 😕	9.9	7.0	9.1	- 3.6	2.4	·3.2
Associate degree	1.7	- 2.3	1.8	<b>€</b> 0.9		0.6
Bachelor's degree	72.2	79.1	74.5	32.1	29.3	31.2
Master's degree	5.8	7.0	6.1	34.8	`36.6	35.7
Specialist degree		-3	-	3.6	· _	2.6
Professional degree	3.3	<del>.</del>	2.4	, <b>9.</b> 8	9.8	. 9.8
Doctoral degree	-	-	-	11.6	14.6	12.3

Degree Plans of Entering MSU Students

Such data shows that students at MSU have set goals in preparation for the post-collegiate world. The entering students should be viewed as serious individuals not here to waste their time or talents.

#### Local Questions

In addition to the items discussed earlier in Table 5, other locally developed questions were asked of the sampled students.

#### Admissions

THe Office of Admissions was interested in obtaining some feedback on the material sent to incoming students. Responses by both freshmen and transfers 2.0 and 54.5 percent, respectively) rated the information "somewhat helpful."

More freshmen than transfers (41.5 to 31.8 percent) found the material "very helpful" with 9.1 percent of the transfers rating it "of little help". Such response suggests a need for a reevaluation of the information sent to incoming students, especially transfer students. 10

#### Orientation

The orientation staff sought additional input in evaluating the September program, especially from transfers. Also, a retrospective evaluation of grientation as a whole was desired.

The summer programs were attended by 63.6 percent of sampled freshmen which compares very closely with the actual attendance by freshmen. The 6.8 percent of the students who did not attend any orientation session can be considered late registrants. Orientation received very favorable reviews with 51.8 percent finding it "a valuable head start" (59.7 percent for freshmen). "Interesting, but of limited value" was claimed by 39.9 percent (53.5 percent for transfers). Only 2.4 percent found the program to be of "no value". Student leaders for orientation received 18.6 percent of the share by freshmen as the "most helpful person encountered at MSU". Such information, in conjunction with the evaluations gathered by the Orientation staff, points favorably to the continuation of the program, although program content needs adjustment.

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#### Advising.

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Recently academic advising has received an increased amount of attention by administrators and students at MSU. A majority (56.2 percent) of respondents described their academic adviser as "friendly and helpful". Transfers were more favorable than freshmen (63.6 to 54.0 percent). Surprisingly, 24.9 percent of the entering students claimed to "have had no contact with an" adviser" by the fifth week of classes. Males (30.7 percent) and freshmen (28.2 percent) led in the category of "no contact". Other evaluative categories were: "friendly, but not of much help", 12.4 percent, "not particularly friendly, but helpful" 2.4 percent, "neither friendly nor helpful" 1.8 percent, and "not readily available" 2.4 percent. Overall, advising received goodratings, but an effort should be made to foster more meaningful contact between advisers and all entering students upon their arrival on campus.

#### Student Life

The student needs, difficulties, and services were also researched in the local questions.

The type of housing did not produce any great surprises. Residence hall living was reported by 72.8 percent of the sampled entering students, of which freshmen comprised 84.4 percent. Off campus living accounted for 18.3 percent with 67.7 percent of them transfers. Of those staying with parents or relatives, 8 out of 10 were freshmen.

Each respondent was asked what aspect of their first quarter at MSU was most confusing. Registration (20.9 percent), and drop/add procedure (12.9 percent) were front runners. Although registration was cited as most confusing for both freshmen and transfers, the transfers did not have the problem freshmen claimed in scheduling classes (4.5 to 16.1 percent). Freshmen also noted more problems with study skills than transfers (11.9 to 6.8 percent). Other points of confusion (in percent of students checking the item) were: location of classrooms (10.4), payment of fees (10.4), library (9.2), academic advising (6.7) and orientation (3.7).

The students were also asked which category of student life created the most difficulty. Academic requirements (22.5\percent) and financial difficulties (20 percent) led the list. Additional responses on courses creating the most difficulty were requested. Math 100" and 121, Biol. 121 and Chem 131 were most frequently mentioned. A complete list of the difficult courses a appears in Appendix B. New freshmen had greater difficulty than transfers with academic requirements (24.4 to 17.5 percent). However, one in five of the transfers cited social life as a difficulty, whereas one in twelve of the freshmen did. Responses to other difficulties (in percent of students checking the item) were: personal problems (10), loneliness (7.5), housing and the size of the institution creating a feeling of insighificance (5.6), roommate difficulties (5), health (3.1), and others (11.9). Most numerous among the difficulties not listed were: making decisions, study habits and study time, adjusting to college, lack of privacy, overflow housing, working while going to school, lack of parking space and partying. Additional comments are listed under student life difficulties in Appendix B. It would be interesting to find out if the confusions and difficulties change after one or more quarters.

Emotional difficulties were also requested in the comment section. Homesickness, loss of friends, establishing new friendships and a pressure to consume alcohol were mentioned most often. Appendix B includes a complete listing of mentioned social/emotional difficulties.

Evaluation of the MSU Staff

An overall opinion of the staff was also requested. Overwhelmingly, 83.7 percent of the responses found the MSU staff "friendly and helpful". The transfers, who would have had another institution for comparison, rated the staff higher with an 88.1 percent rate of appreciation. There were no responses for "neither friendly nor helpful" and only 1.2 percent found the staff "not readily available". For the intermediate responses, 7.8 percent rated them "friendly, but not of much helpful" and 7.2 percent claimed the staff was "not particularly friendly, but knowledgeable." Such response shows the campus as exhibiting an image of openness to students, with some room for improvement. In the open-ended comment section, opinions of the most and least helpful office/personnel were requested. The "most helpful" were led by the resident assistants, advisers, faculty and administrators, financial aid and registrar offices. The "least helpful" office, some of which also appeared in the "most helpful" list, were financial aid, adviser, admissions and traffic. Complete listings appear in Appendix B.

The person cited as most helpful at MSU has been the resident assistant with 35.6 percent of the responses. When computed for only those sampled students who live in the residence halls, the resident assistant obtained 43.6 percent (57.9 percent for transfer and 44.7 percent for freshmen). For all sampled students, the instructor/faculty claimed 15.6 percent, student leader 14.4 percent and adviser 12.5 percent. As previously mentioned, the orientation student leaders received 18.8 percent of the freshmen responses, followed by instructor/faculty 9.3 percent, adviser 8.5 percent and dean or assistant dean 6.8 percent. Ten percent of all responses indicated someone else. Table 8 lists the results of most helpful personnel from the rated question.

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TABLE	8	

The Most Helpful Person (Excluding Relatives and Roommates) Encountered At MSU (n=160)

۵ •	Percentage of Respondents			
	Freshmen	Transfers	Total -	
Resident Assistant*	39.0	26.8	35.6	
Instructor/Faculty	9.3	<u>, 34.1</u>	15.6	
Orientation Student Leader	18.6	•	14.4	
Adviser .	8.5	24.4	12.5	
Other	N.9	4.9 -	10.0	
Dean or Assistant Dean	6.8	2.4	5.6	
The Ask Us Desk	4.2	<b>.</b>	3.1	
Departmental Secretary	1.7/	<b>4</b> .9	2.5	
Administrator		2.4	0.6	

When computed for only those students who live in the Residence Halls, the following totals apply:

44.7		57.9 •	<b>46.</b> 3 ·	•
•	œ.			-

The final question asked if the students would be interested in working on any weak areas identified or improving the questionnaire. Surpisingly, 51.3 percent of the respondents were willing to be contacted. There will be an attempt made sometime in February 1980 to contact the eighty-one students to attend a meeting for discussion of the results and possible improvements.

#### SUMMARY

This report presents a review of the findings of a sample survey conducted by Montana State University using the Entering-Student Questionnaire of the Student Outcomes Information Services (SOIS) made available by NCHEMS and the College Board. It includes responses from 66 percent of the sampled new freshmen and transfer undergraduate population that entered MSU in the fall of. 1979. Some highlights of the report are: 13

- 1. Many students attending MSU chose the school as their first choice.
- Students viewed MSU as "having the desired course offerings and a high academic reputation. Academic programs, location and recreational opportunities were rated high in terms of attractiveness.
- Prospective students rely heavily on information from friends, relatives, high school contacts, the college catalog and admissions material.
- 4. Students attending are serious in receiving an education and degree to prepare them in their future careers. Their educational aspiration level also shows their goal-mindedness.
- 5. Campus services and staff received very favorable review.
- The SOIS data analysis provided much needed information allowing for more extensive review by the respective offices mentioned in the report.

#### CONCLUSIONS

- The SOIS questionnaire, when used on a properly constructed sample, appears to be an efficient and effective method of collecting and analyzing student opinions. Initial feedback suggests these opinions are of great interest and valuable to several offices on the MSU campus.
- 2. The data collected is stored on computer tape output. This will permit additional cross tabulations and analysis, not part of SOIS's standard service, when applicable.

#### Recommendations

- 1. The report be made available to the offices and personnel for a more extensive review and in-depth analysis.
- 2. The SOIS analysis be compared to the American College Testing Program (ACT) research service reports.
- 3. The pool of sample students be followed to investigate their rate of retention at MSU.

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## APPENDIX A

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### OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY BOZEMAN 59717

Dear Student:

On behalf of the faculty and staff I would like to welcome you as a new student to Montana State University. We are interested in your impressions of various programs and offices during your first quarter. We are also interested in learning way you have chosen to come to Montana State University. You can be particularly helpful in our institutional planning as we attempt to improve our overall services to students.

In order to carry this out, we must be aware of how our students regard our efforts to serve them. To help determine this, enclosed is a confidential questionnaire. Instructions for its completion are included in the sheets directly following this letter. The questions developed by the National Center for Higher Education Management Systems use the term "college" which should be interpreted as University (MSU). We are asking that you complete the questionnaire and return it to us in the enclosed envelope by October 26, 1979.

You may vitice the questionnaire is coded and requests personal data. Please collete all sections, including the Personal Identification . Section. The information will remain confidential and your responses will be used only as part of our statistical report.

This report will hopefully result in changes and revisions in University policies and procedures. As a member of a select group of incoming students, you are in a unique position to help us better our University. Your cooperation and assistance in completing the questionnaire is greatly appreciated. Thank you.

Sincerely,

William J. Tietz President 1

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# Entering-Student Questionnaire

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STANDARD QUESTIONS SECTION INSTRUCTIONS: Specific directions are given for completing many of the questions in the questions are given for completing many of	• •	6. •	a Have you previously enrolled in fany postsecondary educational institution? If you have enrolled in more than one, please circle the most recent. -0 No, I have not been previously enrolled
Specific directions are given for completing many of		<b>∳</b> .	educational institution? If you have enrolled in more than one, please circle the most recent.
Specific directions are given for completing many of		<b>♥</b> " ,	than one, please circle the most recent.
Specific directions are given for completing many of			
Specific directions are given for completing many of			
			1 Yes, at this institution
			2. Yes, at a public two-year college
the questions in this questionnaire. Where no directions		88	3 Yes, at a public four-year college or university
are given, please circle the number or letter of the		-00	4 Yes, at a private college or university
most appropriate, response, suchs as in the sample			5 Yes, at a vocational/technical school, hospital \
question below		(	
due de la companya de			school of nursing, trade school, or business school
			_6 Other
Sample:	•		•
4. Are you currently married?			b. If you have attended another college, please write in
· O Yes	•		the name of the one you most recently attended.
$\left  \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ \end{array} \right _{N_0}$	<b>/</b> .		•
If you are not currently married, you would circle the	•	7.	The following statements reflect the goals of many
number 1 🖉		•	college students. Please circle the letters of all those goals
			that are important to you.
ð			Academic Goals
1 A/b A	•		
1. What is your sex?	-	89	in a minimum start and and the start and the
78 - 0 Female	D)		an academic field
""—1 Male		<b>`</b> 90	
		- 91	
· · · ·		1	C To complete courses necessary to transfer to
2 How do you dog the your all Circle and			another educational institution
2. How do you describe yourself? Circle one		•	D Other
🔽 0: American Indian or Alaskan Native		92	$\mathcal{P}$ Other
1 Asian, Pacific Islander, or Filipino			Career-Preparation Goals
) Black or Afro-American'			
$\frac{79}{3}$ Hispanic, Chicano, or <b>S</b> anish-speaking American		93	
		94	F To formulate long-term career plans and/or goals
4. White or Caucasian		95	
L5 Other			
		96	H Other
	`	-	
			Job- or Career-Improvement Goals
3. How old are you?		97	To improve my knowledge, technical skills, and/or
. <u>-</u> 9. Under 18			competencies required for my job or career
1 18 to 22 years			
2 = 23 to 25 years	• •	· 48	J To increase my chances for a raise and/or
		•	promotion
80'- 3 26 to 30 years			
4 31 to 40 years		99	K Other
5 41 to 50 years	<b>'</b> •		Several med Cultured Date and the
6 51 to 60 years	•		Social and Cultural-Participation Goals
		100	L To become actively involved in student life and
-7 61 years or more			campus activities
		101	
•••		101	M. To increase my participation in cultural and
4. Are you currently married?			social events
$\sim -0$ You		102	N To meet people
81-1-1 No			,
		103	O Other
			Press of the strength of the s
•			Personal Development and Enrichment Goals
5. Do you teel that you have a permanent handic ap?		104	P To increase my self-confidence
Circle all that apply		105	Q. To improve my leadership skills
82 () NO			•
		106	R To improve my ability to get along with others
		107	S To learn skills that will enrich my daily life or
83 1 Yes, restricted mobility			make me a more complete person
			make me a more complete person
83 1 Yes, restricted mobility		108	• •
831Yes, restricted mobility842Yes, restricted hearing853Yes, restricted vision		108	T To develop my ability to be independent, - S
83     1     Yes, restricted mobility       84     2     Yes, restricted hearing	0	108	• •
<ul> <li>83 1 Yes, restricted mobility</li> <li>84 2 Yes, restricted hearing</li> <li>85 3 Yes, restricted vision</li> <li>86 4 Yes, but I prefer not to record it on this form</li> </ul>	29		T To develop my ability to be independent, S self-reliant, and adaptable
<ul> <li>83 1 Yes, restricted mobility</li> <li>84 2 Yes, restricted hearing</li> <li>85 3 Yes, restricted vision</li> <li>86 4 Yes, but I prefer not to record it on this form</li> </ul>	2z	108 - 109	T To develop my ability to be independent, - S

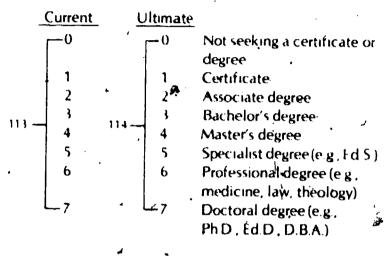
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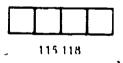
8. From the list of goals in question 7, please select the three that are most important to you and enter their codes below. For example, if your most important goal is "To obtain a certificate or degree," enter the letter B in the first box.

Most	Second Most	Third Most Important
110	4, 111 .	112

9. What degree are you currently working toward at our college, and what is the highest degree you ultimately plan to earn? Circle a number in each column.



- 10. a. Please write in your intended major or area of study at our college
  - b. Now look at List A: Majors and Areas of Study and - enter in the boxes below the code number of the category in which your major or area of study falls



11. What is your intended enrollment status?

- -0. Primarily for credit full-time (12 or more hours each term enrolled)
- 119-1 Primarily for credit part-time (less than 12 hours each term enrolled)
  - 2 Primarily not for credit
    - . .
- 12- What will your primary employment or occupation status be during your first term at our college? Circle the 'most appropriate response.
  - –0 Employed more than half time
  - 1 Employed half time or less
- 120-2 Homemaker, not employed outside of the home
  - 3 Not employed but would like to work
  - 4 Not employed and do not care to work while attending college

- 13. The decision to attend a particular college is usually influenced by a variety of factors. Please circle **all** of the factors that influenced your choice to attend our college.
- 121 A Academic reputation of our college
  122 B Course offerings
  123 C Former student's advice
  124 D Teacher's or friend's advice
- 125 E Counselor's advice
- 126 F Employer's suggestion
- 127 G Will help me retain my current employment
- 128 H Costs
- 129 I Availability of financial aid
- 130 ] Institution's social reputation
- 131 K. Close to home.
- 132 L Wanted a change in scenery or location
- 113 M Range and availability of student services
- 1.34 N 1 can identify with fellow students
- 135 O Inconvenient to go elsewhere

136 P Other \_\_\_

- 14. How did you learn about our college? Please circle all items that apply.
- 137 0 From people at my high school
- 138 1 From relatives, friends, or acquaintances
- 139 2 From a representative of this college
- 140
   3 From a college placement service or some other education-information service
- 141 4 From a college catalog
- 142 5 From material I received in the mail
- 143 6 From material litead in a newspaper or magazine
- 144 7 From a radio or TV advertisement
- 145 8. From an information display at an education fair,
   shopping center, county fair, or similar location

#### 146 9 Other \_\_\_\_\_

Yes

- 15. a. Was our college your first choice?
  - b. If no, what kind of college was your first choice?
    - -0 A public two-year college
    - 1 A public four-year college or university
- 2 A private college or university
   3 A vocational/technical school, hospital school of nursing, trade school, or business school

-4 Other \_\_\_\_\_ What was the name of the college that was your first choice?

- 16. Do you plan to apply for financial aid at our college?
- 1 Yes, I plan to apply
- I have a start of the start

When would you most preter	to take your class	es.1			a to preall	it our college		,
Circle pae	· · · · · · · · · · · ·			–O Yes		n our conege	ווליאן נלידונוי	•••
-0 Weekday mornings			-		vill comple	te my progran	n this term	I
1 Weekday atternoons				2 No, bu	it Eplan to i	eturn at some	- future da	ite
2 Weekday evenings			151-			fer to anothe		
3 Anytime-during the week						ns for addition	năl educati	ion
<b>4</b> Anytime during the week 5 No preference	(e.uci			at this			-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_			-) 100 K	A YOUKDOW	my plans for	next term	•
•	•							
		` <u> </u>			·			
ADDITIONAL QUEST				-			•	St
Opinional Quesi	IIUNS SECTI		•					r
dditional questions may have	been addod to th	s printed to	m hu war-	ر. د دارمین ایک		and return to		ماند: ما
uestions, please use the boxes	below to record y	our respon	Ses	conege u	you naye n	een asked to a	answer add	uitional
			<b>_</b>	, 		<u></u>		·
				$\Box$ .				,
19 20 21 22	23 24	25 <sup>°</sup>	26 27	28	29	30 31.	32 /	33
			20 27	20				ູງງ
152 153 154 - 155	156 157		20 27 159 160	20 161	•	63 164 ·	• •	35 166
					•		• •	
					•		• •	
152 153 154135	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
152 153 154 - 155 • lease use the space below fo	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
152 153 154 - 155 • lease use the space below fo	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
152 153 154 - 155 • lease use the space below fo	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
152 153 154 - 155 • lease use the space below fo	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
152 153 154 - 155 • lease use the space below fo	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
152 153 154 - 155 • lease use the space below fo	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
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152 153 154 - 155 • lease use the space below fo	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
152 153 154 - 155 • lease use the space below for	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166
152 153 154 - 155 • lease use the space below fo	156 157	158	159 160	161	162 1	63 164 .	165	166

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## LIST A: MAJORS AND AREAS OF STUDY '

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# Programs usually requiring four or more years of study

_	
0100	Agriculture and Natural Resources
0200	Architecture and the nvironmental Design
0300	Area Studies (includes Asian Studies; Black Studies, etc.)
0400	Biological and Life Sciences
0500	Business and Management
0600	Communications
D700	Computer and Information Sciences
.0800	Education
0900	Engineering <sup>1</sup>
1000	- Fine and Applied Arts (includes Art, Dance, Drama, Music, etc.)
1100	Foreign Languages
1200	Health Professions
1300	Home Economics (includes Clothing and Textiles, Institutional
· ·	Housekeeping, and Food Service Management, etc.)
1400	Law
1500	Letters (includes Creative Writing, Literature, Philosophy,
	Speech, etc.)
1600	Library Science
1700	Mathematics
1800	Military Sciences
-1900	Physical Sciences (includes Chemistry, Physics, Earth
	Sciences, etc.)
2000	
2100	Public Affairs and Social Services 🐧
2200	Social Sciences (includes Anthropology, Economics,
	History, Political Science, Sociology, etc.)
2300	Theology and Religion
4900	Interdisciplinary Studies
6000	Other
7000	Undecided but probably program of four or more years

## Programs usually requiring less than four years of study

	5000	Business and Commerce Technologies (includes Accounting,
ļ		Banking, Commercial Art, Hotel and Restaurant Management,
		etc)
	5005	Secretarial Technologies (includes Office Supervising and
·		Management, Stenographic and Typing Technology, etc.)
	5006	Personal Service Technologies (includes Stewardess Training,
		Cosmetologist, etc.)
	5100	Data Processing Technologies (includes Computer
		Programming, Keypunching, etc.)
	5200	Health Services and Paramedical Technologies (includes
-		Dental and Medical Assistant Technology, LPN, Occupational
		and Physical Therapy Technology, etc.)
	5300	Mechanical and Engineering Technologies (includes
		Aeronautical and Automotive Technology, Welding,
		Electronics, Architectural Drafting, etc.)
	5.317	Construction and Building Technologies (includes Carpentry,
		Plumbing, Sheet Metal, Heating, etc.)
	5100	Natural Science Technologies (includes Agriculture Technology,
		Environmental Health Technology, Forestry and Wildlife
	ļ	Technology, etc.)
	5404	Food Services Technologies (includes Food Service
		Supervising, Institutional Food Preparation, etc.) 🔹
	5500	Public Service Technologies (includes Law Enforcement
		Technology, Teacher Aide Training, Fire Control Technology,
	l	Public Administration Technology, etc.)
	5506	Recreation and Social Work Related Technologies
	8000	Other -
	9000	Undecided but probably less than four year program

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		boxes provided for the ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS	باندي م		• • • •
•					· · · · · · ·
		•			
			- 	•	
19.	Was Admi	the information you received from the Office of ssions upon being accepted to MSU			ch of the following best describes the quality academic advising you received?
	1.	very helpful		1.	Very beneficial
•	2.			2.	•
	З.		•••	3.	Advice is unclear or insdequate.
		of no help	•	4.`	Have been given incorrect information
• • •	5	never received any ·		5.	Have had no contact with an adviser
20.	In s	hich college are you enrolled?	. 27.	Gen	erally speaking, do you find the staff at MSU *
	1.	General Studies		1.	friendly and helpful
	2.	Agriculture '		. 2.	
	3.	Arts and Architecture		3.	not particularly friendly, but knowledgeable
	4.	Business		4.	
···• .	<b>S</b> .	Education		5.	not readily available
•	<b>6</b> .	Engineering	20		·
	7. 8.	Letters & Sciences Nursing	<b>28.</b>		a perspective student, what did you find <u>most</u> ractive about MSU?
21.	Befo	re attending MSU, what was your home state?		1.	location
				2.	size
	1.	Montana		.3.	
	2.	Wyoming		4. 5.	
	3.	South Dakota *		6.	on-campus activities
	4.	North Dakota		7.	cost
	S.	Minnesota		8.	athletic teams
¢r	6. 7.	California Washington		9.	housing
•	8.	Other U.S. State			
	9.	Canadian Province	29.	Now	that you are enrolled, what do you feel is
	0.	Foreign country, other than Canada		nos	t attractive about MSU?
-22.	In w	hat type of housing are you currently living?		1.	location
		······································		2.	size .
	1.	Residence hall		3.	reputation
	2.	Sorority or Fraternity house		. 4. 5.	academic programs/curriculum/major recreational opportunities
	3.	Family housing		6.	on-campus activities
	4.	Off campus apartment, house, trailer, etc.		7.	cost
	5.	Locally with parents or relatives		8.	athletic teams
	6.	Other ·		9.	housing
23.	Whic	h Orientation program did you attend?	30.	Wha	t aspect of your first quarter at MSU was most
	1.	June 25-27, Freshmen		con	fusing to you?
	2.	July 16-18, Freshmen		•	
	3.	August 6-8, Freshmen		1. 2.	Orientation
я	4.	September 15-18, Freshmen		3.	Registration Academic Advising
	5.	September 16-18, Transfer		4.	Drop/Add Procedure
	6.	Did not attend		5.	Scheduling
	<b>D</b> = = = =	-dies the Orderstein meanum. Now did you		6.	Locating classrooms and offices
2,4 .		rding the Orientation program, how did you the program?		7.	Payment of Fees
	LIN	the program :		8.	Study Skills
	1.	A valuable head start		9.	Library ·
	2.	Interesting, but delimited value		0.	Other (Please specify in Comment Section)
	3.	Of no value	31.	Whi	ch of the following has created the most
	4.	Did not participate		dif	ficulty while at MSU
25.	White	th of the following best describes your academic		1.	Social Life
	advi	ser?		2.	Academic Requirements
		-		3.	Financial Difficulties
	1.	Friendly and helpful		4.	Housing
-	2.	Friendly, but not of much help		5.	Size of Institution (feeling of insignificance)
	3.	Not particularly friendly, but helpful		6.	Personal Problems
	4. c	Neither friendly nor helpful		7.	Heâlth
	.5. 6.	Not readily available Have had no contact with an adviser		8.	Loneliness
	۷.	HAAA DEG NA CAULECT MILU EN EGAIES.		9.	Roommate Difficulties
				0.	Other (Please specify in Comment Section)

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- - 4 TURN OVER FOR ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS

32. So far, the most helpful person (excluding relatives 33. We would appreciate your assistance in working on and roommates) encountered at MSU has been?

- 1. . Resident Assistant (RA)
- 2. Orientation Student Leader
- 3. Instructor/Faculty
- 4. Adviser
- 5. Dean or Assistant Dean
- 6. Administrator ,
- 7. Departmental secretary 8. The ASK US deak
- 8. The ASK US deak 9. Other (Please and
  - Other (Please specify in Comment Section)
- We would appreciate your assistance in working on any weak areas you may have identified and in improving the questionnaire. If you would be willing to be contacted, please indicate your name and address on the cover of this questionnaire.
- 1. Willing to be contacted
- 2. Prefer not to be contacted, but
- included are forme written comments below 3. Prefer not to be contacted
- 1

COMMENT SECTION

D.

F.

(Confidential responses to be written directly on this sheet)

. Responses or additional information to previous questions.

What particular course(s) are you presently having the most difficulty with?

 $\boldsymbol{\circ}$ 

C. What social/emotional difficulties have you encountered at MSU?

What aspect of student life has given you the most difficulty?

What office/personnel at MSU has been least helpful to you? Why?

What office/personnel at MSU has been most helpful to you? Why?

Thank you.

## OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

MONTANA STATE UNIVERSITY BOZEMAN 59717 -

Dear .Student:

Last week you were sent a questionnaire requesting responses as new students to Montana State University. As of today, we have not received the completed questionnaire. Please take a few minutes, locate the packet and complete and return it promptly.

You are in a unique position to provide information that will hopefully allow us to better serve our students. Thanking you in advance for your cooperation and assistance.

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Sincerelv.

William J. Tietz President

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Item		Page
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. <b>B-1</b>	Difficult Courses	26
<b>B-</b> 2	Social/Emotional Difficulties	27
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B-4	"Other" Difficulties	29
B-5	Most Helpful Office/Personnel	29
B-6	Least Helpful Office/Personnel	<sup>`</sup> 30
B-7	Additional Problems and Comments	31

## APPENDIX B

The following pages represent a complete listing of the written comments received. They are organized by question or category and tabulations made for multiple responses.

Number	Course	Comments
13	Math 100	Nobody takes the time to listen Unclear about techniques and solutions Poor program
13	Math 121	Math Learning Center helpful (2) Foreign student language barrier
9 9 3	Biol 121 5 Chem 131 Buac 224 M E 211	Repetition from high school
9 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Psy 103 Hist 105 Econ 105	Poor instructor organization (Sec 03) Too specialized
2 2	EE 101 Engl 12 <b>1</b>	Theorist, rather than practical
_	Math 001 -	Textbook unavailable My procrastination
2.	Math 107	•
2	Spcm 101	Text apart from lecture
2	Spcm 103 •	Unclear instructor (Sec 01)
Courses	receiving one res	ponse were as follows:
	Art 100	- · ·
	Art 101	t i
•	Bumg 110	Lots of reading
	Buoa 221 .	Ϋ́, ,
	Chem 121	
а. С	Chem 135	۰
	Chem 271	·
	CS 111	
	E 1 1 A	
	Esci 104	What is instructor's intent?
7	Edfd 100	What is instructor's intent? Library confusing
7	Edfd 100 Engl 123	Library confusing
t	Edfd 100 Engl 123 Engl 830	Library confusing Don't agree with instructor's philosophie
۲	Edfd 100 Engl 123 Engl 230 Hist 416	Library confusing
۲	Edfd 100 Engl 123 Engl 230 Hist 116 He-C 219	Library confusing Don't agree with instructor's philosophie
۲ ۲	Edfd 100 Engl 123 Engl 230 Hist 116 He-C 219 He-C 221	Library confusing Don't agree with instructor's philosophie
۲	Edfd 100 Engl 123 Engl 230 Hist 116 He-C 219 He-C 221 He-F 113	Library confusing Don't agree with instructor's philosophie Instructor difficult to understand
۲	Edfd 100 Engl 123 Engl 230 Hist 116 He-C 219 He-C 221 He-F 113 He-F 213	Library confusing Don't agree with instructor's philosophie
۲	Edfd 100 Engl 123 Engl 230 Hist 116 He-C 219 He-C 221 He-F 113 He-F 213 Math 114	Library confusing Don't agree with instructor's philosophie Instructor difficult to understand
۲	Edfd 100 Engl 123 Engl 230 Hist 116 He-C 219 He-C 221 He-F 113 He-F 213	Library confusing Don't agree with instructor's philosophie Instructor difficult to understand
۲ ۲	Edfd 100 Engl 123 Engl 230 Hist 116 He-C 219 He-C 221 He-F 113 He-F 213 Math 114 Math 221	Library confusing Don't agree with instructor's philosophie Instructor difficult to understand Multiple Guess questions

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26.

Mus N	178 106	ł	Boring Boring	٩		
Phil			Would like 2 hou	ur Philosophy c	lass	
Pe-C	158		Heavy guns			
Phys	101					
Pols	105					
Rels	204					
Soc	101				- * 1	
Soc ,	229			•		
Spcm	166		Out of class obs	ervations	•	
Stat	216		•			
Thtr	250			· ·		

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B-2 What social/emotional difficulties have you encountered at MSU?

Number	Difficulty
19 8 6 4	Homesickness, loss of friends Establishing new friendships, meeting people Overconsumption of alcohol by majority of students, pressure to consume Lack of friends
4 · 3 · 3 · 2 2	Inconsiderate neighbors Adjustment from a small school Loneliness Accent creates "foreigner" image Time management Under "19"
2 2 2 2	High School Syndrome, lack of status Boyfriend difficulties, separation
Diffic	ulties mentioned once were:
	Engaged men Most guys are jerks Money Management Too little free time Pressure to join clubs Heavy academic load Cliques Stress Overflow housing No connection between high rises and other halls, the lack of campus community Lack of money Being from Butte is sometimes used against you Fear of failure Uncertain major Lack of self-confidence People demand from studying time Size of campus makes one feel unimportant Getting along with others Roommate problems

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Number	Difficulty
10	Decisions, overloaded - choose among alternatives
8 .	Study habits/skills
8	Study time, keep at the books .
6 4	Adjusting
	Little privacy, close quarters
4	Study time vs partying
4	Roommates
3	Overflow housing - Colter Hall, clanking pipes, drafty concrete floors
3	Partying
5	Making friends
5	Loud residence halls
3 3 2 2 2	Opposite sex
2	Poor students, poverty
2	Find out what's going on Transportation
2	Transportation Test pressure
· 2	Little time for self, friends
•	Erecte unit for acting referrus
Diffi	culties mentioned once were:
	V v
	Getting to and from classes
•	Lack of student life
ъ.	Off campus isolation from social life
P	Parking .
	Orientation, hard for commuters, September brochure did not
	outline time line or expectations well
	Self discipline
	Transferring credits
	Budgeting oneself
	Getting involved in floor activities
	Doing the wash, need more dryers
	Living with girlfriend
	Signing up for racquetball
	Money management
	Classes needed may not be available
	Too many people
	Emotional stability, easily depressed and upset, pressures
	Work -
	- Dealing with pompous upperclassmen
0 ° 1	Sororities dominate campus activities, nothing to do on weekends
J.	No sinks in rooms
-	Library Resources
	Need helpful hints
	Frats stupid, too much partying, ideals in wrong places Classes that meet once a week - forget to study
	VIASSES LHAL WEEL VHLE & WEEK - TOPAET TO STUDY
	Need for Food Service after 6:30; Ski team works out until 6 P.M.

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Responses for "other" (11.9 percent of the responses) from the question of what created the most difficulty while at MSU? B-4

Number	Difficulty
3	Working and going to school 🔪
3	Parking spaces, few and far between - need for larger lot near North Hedges
2	Understanding what instructors want for exams and quizzes
2	Library, too hard to locate anything, gave up
•	See people waste themselves away with booze
	difficulties mentioned once were:
	I miss my parents
	Coping with pressures
	Not informed to apply for/deferred payment in advance
	Lack of sleep due to friends or studies
	Loneliness or homesickness

Inability to concentrate on studies Availability of classes (wanted Art which was closed). Transferring - finding out how many credits will eventually transfer - slowness and unorganization is incredible Obtaining classes needed as a transfer student Hassle to find profs and adviser to sign drop/add cards Registration Need for private room

Partying interferes with academics Commuting - especially evening exams Loaded academic requirements

What office/personnel at MSU has been the most helpful? 5.

Number	Who
.16 ₩ 15 ´	Resident Assistant (applauds for Bob) Adviser - great first impression/those mentioned by name were: Drs. Hermanson, Haines, Berg, Deans Rose' and Groenhout, Music Instructors (2), Prevet, Richard Whitman, Barbara Tremper, Alan Leech and William Neff
8	Financial Aid Office
7	Registrar's Office - registration was the easiest I have ever gone through, though as a transfer student, most wanted classes were closed. In comparison to other systems
• .	l've encountered, yours is very good.
<u>,</u> 5	General Studies advisers
$\sim \frac{4}{4}$	Student leaders - Dee Dee Atchley Ask us
3 3 3 • 3 • 2 2 2	Returning Juniors and Seniors and Sophomores - upperclassmen Jaynee Drange
3	Desk clerks
3	Library
• 3	Math Learning Center
2	Study Skills workshop - Dr. Hall
2	Sister - junior
Ž	Health Service
	(continued on next page)

Most helpful personnel mentioned once were:

Boyfriend - sophomore Staff in Cooley Lab Christian girl on floor Friends to establish help sessions Director of Christian fellowship program Fraternity 1 Student Affairs & Services employees Coaches Teaching Assistants Accounting department Dr. Copeland Lark Carter Alanna Brown Business Office Student Affairs & Services Bookstore On Campus Living ASMSU

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6. What office/personnel at MSU have been least helpful to you?

Number Who 🖌 11 Financial Aid - unaware of deferred payment ahead of time, dissatisfied with \$5.00 service charge - misdirected activity, BEOG confusion - scholarship check - additional forms - confusion (2), questions never answered - vague more personal evaluation of eligibility - not concerned to deal with people Adviser - no permanent adviser - who is it? told just what 5 classes I had to have, no help with scheduling - Adrienne Hess, too pushy for MSU - Computer Science, pushy Admissions - residency, not friendly - Transfer, residency rudeness - transfer credit Traffic - unjust ticketing policy - more parking 2 On Campus Living - voverflow - housing application. Music Building Öffice - runaround - administrator never available 2 Registrar's Office - Honor Scholarship - Social Security 2 Number - registration extremely discombobulated Least helpful personnel mentioned once were: Math Learning Center - no time to listen Professor - promptness PE Office - rude, ignored questions SAS - need help with a job or work study Instructors Business Office Resident Assistant - bust, preoccupied Health Service Cafeteria clerks - crotchety old ladies Student activities - how to get involved - unfamiliarity Take more time to help each individual

7. Problems and general comments that were received:

Managing social and college activities with money and time Working, due to not (yet) applying for Financial Aid, interferes with school work

Adviser didn't help with schedule

Not charged full fees at prepayment

Overflow housing ~

Nursing - unknown adviser, uncertainty about major, coufses Need 30<u>+</u> hours per day

Need more information concerning health services Confused academic expectations

No push for academic excellence

English adviser directed me to UM, visited both campuses, talked with an Assistant Dean, found MSU more desirable.

Need for full time FM Rock.station

Thanks for a great job with Homecoming

Rush week should be put as a mandatory activity for new freshmen, most educational

This seems to be therapuetic, by commenting, it is cleansing and almost making a commitment to change

Questionnaire, how was I chosen? - third one this quarter, compared to others, good - very complete and comprehensive, needs no improving - fine, keep it the same way

The responses in Appendix B were taken directly from the option evaluation form. There was no effort to interpret, rewrite or eliminate comments. Duplication was unavoidable due to this process.

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